

told her that Cen had been transferred to a hospital because of some stomach problems. That same evening, Mihrije heard on the news that Cen had died in hospital. According to the autopsy report, which the HRW saw, Cen had died from injury to the internal organs. He was buried in Ferizaj/Uroševac. After the war, Cen was declared a fallen combatant. On 23 August 1999, his body was transferred to the Cemetery for Fallen Combatants in Ferizaj/Uroševac.

Sources: statement of M.D, HLC-36772; N. Krasniqi, *Kohë...*, 273; FHP, *Haški tribunal, Sudeње Slobodanu Miloševiću*, XX, 26; KMDLNJ, *Lista e civilëve...*, HLC-13491; J. Martinsen, *List...*, HLC-26092; *Albanian Detainee Dies from Serb Police Torture*, newsletter, KIC, 19.08.1998, HLC-29433; HRW, *Violations...*, 69, HLC-31132.

Xhavit (Bajram) Haziri

(born 3/09/1960, Albanian from Prishtinë/Priština, worker, two children)

Xhavit had engaged in political activities against the Serbian authorities. In 1985, he was sentenced to nine years in prison and served his time in Foča [BiH], before being pardoned in 1990. A second time, in August 1993, he was convicted of alleged hostile activities and sentenced to five years. He served his sentence at Dubravë/Dubrava prison. After completing his prison term, he joined the **Prishtinë/Priština**-based KMDLNJ. On **17 September 1998**, at around 11:00h, Xhavit's wife Remzije took their son to school. When she returned home, Xhavit was gone. Since he worked afternoons, she thought that he had gone to work earlier than usual. Later that day, she found out that Xhavit had failed to turn up for work. Remzije waited for several days, believing he was on a field assignment, as was often the case, before she reported his disappearance to the KMDLNJ and the police. At the Police Station, she was told to go to the KLA to look for her husband and not to come back to the police again. While searching for him, Remzije was told by the staff of the tourist agency located next to the *Xhamia e Llapit (Mosque of Llap)* that they had witnessed her husband's

arrest on 17 September 1998 at 12:40h. According to them, members of the State Security Service arrested him in the street and drove him away in a white *Golf II*, with PR-934 696 license plates. Xhavit's fate remains unknown. He was registered on the ICRC list of missing persons under YUK-000044-01.

Sources: statement of R.H, HLC-18108; ICRC, *Persons missing...*, HLC-9795; *Serb Abduct Human Rights Worker in Prishtina*, newsletter, KIC, 22.09.1998, HLC-29568.

Zojë (Bajram Preniqi) Prenku

(born 2/12/1953, Albanian woman from Lajthishte/Leskovčić, Obiliq/Obilić municipality, housewife, 12 children)

Kosovare (Ali) Prenku

(born 3/05/1992, Albanian girl from Lajthishte/Leskovčić, Obiliq/Obilić municipality)

The Prenkus lived in the village of Lajthishte/Leskovčić. They left their home in June 1998, when Serb forces started shelling the village. They moved from one village to another, before finding a more durable shelter in a friend's house in Cara-vodicë/Črkvena Vodica. On **22 September 1998**, Serb forces attacked this village as well. As a result, all local residents and the displaced persons who had found refuge in the village were forced to flee. Zojë, and her daughter Kosovare and sons Shefqet, Flamur and Demokrat took a bus to the village of **Shkabaj/Orlović**. Zojë and Kosovare died after being run over by a Serbian police vehicle while crossing the road. They were buried on 24 September 1998 in the Krusheć/Kruševac village cemetery [Obiliq/Obilić municipality]. After the war, in March 2000, their family exhumed their mortal remains and re-interred them in the cemetery in their home village of Lajthishte/Leskovčić.

Sources: statement of B.P, HLC-18106; HLC, *People to remember people*, questionnaire, HLC-27776; ICTY, IT-05-87 (M. Milutinović et al.), Ex.6D00614, HLC-35527.