

Faze and her three sons and their families all lived in a house in Kralan/Kraljane. On 2 September 1998, Serb forces attacked the village from the direction of Mrasor. Faze's family ran to a wood with other villagers and took shelter at *Lugu i arave/Dolina njiva* [Kralan/Kraljane]. They stayed there until **17 September 1998**. That day, around 09:00h, Serb forces began shelling the woods. One shell went off at a short distance from Faze, wounding her and several other people. Faze sustained severe injuries, as a consequence of which she was unable to move. The shelling prevented her family from taking her to the hospital, and Faze succumbed to her injuries four days later, on 21 September 1998. Her sons Elmi and Imer buried her the following day, with the help of some neighbours, at the village cemetery in Kralan/Kraljane.

Source: statement of E.A, HLC-16424.

Adonis (Haxhi) Beci

(born 15/09/1979, Albanian from Gjakovë/Đakovica, tradesman, member of KLA)

Xhemajl (Halil) Agushi

(born 17/10/1981, Albanian from Drenoc/Drenovac, Klinë/Klina municipality, student, member of KLA)

Adonis joined the KLA in June 1998. At first, he was stationed in the KLA headquarters in the village of Glllogjanë/Glođane, and then transferred to the special unit called *Komando*. Xhemajl, 17, also joined the KLA in June 1998. The two men left on **18 September 1998** for Albania to obtain some weapon supplies, and met their deaths in clashes with the Yugoslav Army in the village of *Devë/Deva*, at the Yugoslavia-Albania border crossing-point. After the war, their bodies were discovered at the Gjakovë/Đakovica cemetery, after which they were re-buried at the *Kodra e kuqe/Crveni breg* Cemetery for Fallen Combatants in the village of Grabanicë/Grabanica.

Sources: H. Hasani, *Dëshmorët...*, HLC-25596; J. Martinsen, *List.*, HLC-26092.

Sadri (Shaban) Lokaj

(born 26/04/1979, Albanian from Gjakovë/Đakovica, member of KLA)

Sadri finished secondary school for mechanics in Gjakovë/Đakovica. His family had had problems with the Serb authorities since the 1981 protests in Kosovo. Sadri joined the KLA in late March 1998. He was a member of a special response unit called *Shqiponjat e Zeza/Black Eagles*, under the command of Idriz Balaj. Sadri's nom-de-guerre was Hoxha. On **27 September 1998**, Sadri and two other KLA members went on a reconnaissance mission. At the place called *Netice*, near the village of *Cërmjan/Crmljane*, Serb forces opened fire on them from an ambush. Sadri died at the scene. His comrades could not retrieve his body because of the presence of Serb forces. After the war, Sadri's father Shaban found Sadri's remains in the place where he was killed. Three days later, Sadri's remains, after being positively identified, were buried by his family at the Cemetery for Fallen Combatants in the village of Glllogjan/Glođane [Deçan/Dečani municipality].

Sources: statement of S.L, HLC-29025; SHFĐUÇK, *Feniksët...*6, 73,74; J. Martinsen, *List.*, HLC-26092.

Miloš (Slavko) Pavlović

(born 26/10/1967, Serb from Niš, single, student, member of VJ)

Miroslav (Mladen) Jocić

(born 30/08/1968, Serb from Donja Trnava, Prokuplje municipality, member of VJ)

Miladin (Milan) Gobeljić

(born 24/09/1978, Serb from Šušure, Sjenica municipality, miner, member of VJ)

Vladimir (Momčilo) Radoičić

(born 23/03/1979, Serb from Belgrade, car mechanic, member of VJ)

Ilija (Živojin) Pavlović

(born 2/08/1979, Serb from Belgrade, machine technician, member of VJ)

Ilija and Vladimir started serving their mandatory term in the army right after secondary school. Miladin worked as a miner at the Štvalj mine in Sjenica before being called up. Miroslav and Miloš were professional soldiers - Miroslav from 1992 and Miloš from 1993. Vladimir's unit was de-